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## APR 02 2008

## IN THE CLAIMS:

The status and content of each claim follows.

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1. (original) A method for solid free-form fabrication of a three-dimensional object, comprising:

depositing a particulate blend in a defined region, said particulate blend including radical source particulates, polyacid particulates, multivalent cation particulates, and calcium phosphate source particulates;

ink-jetting a liquid phase binder onto a predetermined area of said particulate blend to form hydrated cement in said predetermined area, wherein said liquid phase binder is acidic and includes reactive monomers; and

setting said hydrated cement.

- 2. (original) The method of claim 1, further comprising removing a portion of said particulate blend that does not form said hydrated cement.
- 3. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein said setting said hydrated cement further comprises:

performing a polymerization setting reaction; performing an acid/base setting reaction; and performing a re-precipitation setting reaction.

4. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein said reactive monomers comprise one of 2-hydroxyethylmethacrylate or 2-hydroxybutylmethacrylate.

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- 5. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein said radical source particulates comprise one of benzophenone or an ultraviolet/blue light initiator.
- 6. (original) The method of claim 5, further comprising radiating said hydrated cement with ultraviolet light.
- 7. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein said polyacid particulates comprise one of polyacrylic acid (PAA), polyvinyl pyrrolidone-co-maleic acid, or polyethylene-co-methacrylic acid.
- 8. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein said multivalent cation particulates comprise one of calcium (2+) or aluminum (3+).
- 9. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein said calcium phosphate source particulates comprises one of mono-calcium phosphate, di-calcium phosphate, tri-calcium phosphate.
- 10. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein said liquid phase binder further comprises one of phytic acid, itaconic acid, diglycolic acid, or phosphoric acid.
- 11. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein said liquid phase binder further comprises multifunctional monomers including glycol dimethacrylate.

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- 12. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein said particulate blend further comprises reaction accelerators.
- 13. (original) The method of claim 12, wherein said reaction accelerators comprise one of tartaric acid, citric acid, glutamic acid, diglycolic acid, DL aspartic acid, iminodiacetic acid, itaconic acid, or NH4H2PQ4.
- 14. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein said particulate blend further comprises strengthening agents.
- 15. (original) The method of claim 14, wherein said strengthening agents comprise nanocomposites.
- 16. (original) The method of claim 15, wherein said nanocomposites comprise one of PEO/clay nanocomposites, hydroxyapatite nanocomposites, layered double hydroxide (LDH) nanocomposites, or organophillic nanocomposites.
- 17. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein said liquid phase binder comprises colorants.

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18. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein said aqueous binder comprises water, organic acid, water soluble acrylic monomers, mineral acid, catalyst, dye colorants, pigment colorants, pyrrolidone, 1,5-hexanediol, liponic ethylene glycol, and surfynol 465.

19-51. (cancelled)